THE MOST INFLUENTIAL WORLD ORGANIZATIONS

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Робота присвячена історії, принципам, на яких створено найвпливовіші сучасні світові організації— Європейський Союз, Грінпіс, Інтерпол, Організація Об'єднаних Націй, ЮНЕСКО— та задачам, які стоять перед ними.

The European Union or the EU is an intergovernmental and supranational union of 27 European countries. The European Union was established under that name in 1992 by the Treaty on European Union, the Maastricht Treaty. The European Union's activities cover all areas of public policy, from health and economic policy to foreign affairs and defence. A key activity of the EU is the establishment and administration of a common single market, consisting of a customs union, a single currency, a Common Agricultural Policy, a common trade policy, and a Common Fisheries Policy. The process of enlargement is sometimes referred to as European integration. In order to join the European Union, a state needs to fulfil the economic and political conditions generally criteria. Greenpeace is an international ecological organization that has 2.8 million supporters worldwide and national as well as regional offices in 41 countries. Its headquarters are based in Amsterdam, the Netherlands. The mission of this organization is preserving life on the earth in its full variety. It does not support any political party. The goal of Greenpeace is to expose environmental criminals, and to challenge government and corporations when they fail to live up to their mandate to safeguard our environment and our future. Interpol was created in 1923 to assist international criminal police co-operation. It is the world's second largest international organization, after the United Nations. Its work concentres primarily on public safety and terrorism, organized crime, illicit drug production and drug trafficking, weapons smuggling, trafficking in human beings, money laundering, child pornography, financial and high-tech crime, and corruption. On April 25, 1945, the United Nations Conference on International Organizations began in San Francisco. This date is the beginning of existence of the United Nations. The purpose of the organization is support of the world and safety, the international economic and social cooperation. UN membership is open to all peace-loving states that accept the obligations of the UN. UNESCO is the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization. It was founded on 16 November 1945. UNESCO promotes international co-operation among its Members in the fields of education, science, culture and communication. UNESCO is working to create the conditions for genuine dialogue based upon respect for shared values and the dignity of each civilization and culture.